LOCATION


Table 6H-2. Meaning of Symbols on Typical Application Diagrams


Arrow board

Arrow board support or trailer (shown facing down)

Changeable message sign or support trailer
Channelizing device
Crash cushion

Direction of temporary traffic detour
Direction of traffic
Flagger

High-level warning device (Flag tree)

Longitudinal channelizing device
Luminaire
Pavement markings that should be removed for a long-term project


Surveyor
Temporary barrier
Temporary barrier with warning light

Traffic or pedestrian signal

Truck-mounted attenuator
Type 3 barricade

Warning light

Work space

Work vehicle

Table 6H-3. Meaning of Letter Codes on Typical Application Diagrams

| Road Type |  | Distance Between Signs** |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | B | C |  |
| Urban (low speed)* | 100 feet | 100 feet | 100 feet |  |
| Urban (high speed)* | 350 feet | 350 feet | 350 feet |  |
| Rural | 500 feet | 500 feet | 500 feet |  |
| Expressway / Freeway | 1,000 feet | 1,500 feet | 2,640 feet |  |

* Speed category to be determined by highway agency
** The column headings $A, B$, and $C$ are the dimensions shown in Figures $6 \mathrm{H}-1$ through $6 \mathrm{H}-46$. The $A$ dimension is the distance from the transition or point of restriction to the first sign The $B$ dimension is the distance between the first and second signs. The C dimension is the distance between the second and third signs. (The "first sign is the sign in a three-sign series that is closest to the TTC zone. The "third sign" is the sign that is furthest upstream from the TTC zone.)


## Table 6H-4. Formulas for Determining Taper Length

| Speed (S) | Taper Length (L) in feet |
| :---: | :---: |
| 40 mph or less | $\mathrm{L}=\frac{\mathrm{WS}^{2}}{60}$ |
| 45 mph or more | $\mathrm{L}=\mathrm{WS}$ |

Where: $L=$ taper length in feet
W = width of offset in feet
S = posted speed limit, or off-peak 85th-percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed in mph

